With respect to traffic by nationality of vessels and cargo carried, vessels of United States' registration carried 15,242,156 tons, or 54.9 p.c. of the total cargo of 27,748,215 tons locked through in the year 1927. British vessels carried 6,436,785 tons, or 23.2 p.c., Japanese vessels 1,036,786 tons, or 3.7 p.c., German vessels 973,741 tons, or 3.5 p.c., and Norwegian vessels 1,052,453 tons, or 3.8 p.c.

47.—Traffic to and from the East and West Coasts of Canada via the Panama Canal, years ended June 30, 1921-1927.

Wasse	From		То	
Years.	Canada West Coast.	Canada East Coast.	Canada West Coast.	Canada East Coast.
	long tons.	long tons.	long tons.	long tons.
1921 1922 1923 1924 1924 1925 1926 1927	180,981 604,546 1,223,102 1,082,282 1,650,855	39,561 25,174 92,939 110,677 121,803 160,196 207,003	126, 414 148, 305 101, 588 141, 086 158, 709 168, 295 248, 009	16, 558 6, 521 125, 283 197, 204 379, 284 614, 580 803, 418

¹Figures supplied by courtesy of the Governor of the Panama Canal.

48.—Summary of Commercial Traffic through the Panama Canal, years ended June 30, 1915-19271.

	Atlantic to Pacific.		Pacific to Atlantic.		Total Traffic.	
	Vessels.	Cargo Tonnage.	Vessels.	Cargo Tonnage.	Vessels.	Cargo Tonnage.
	No.	long tons.	No.	long tons.	No.	long tons.
1915	522 396 874 915 857 1, 180 1, 471 1, 509 2, 740 2, 413 2, 783 2, 888	2,070,993 1,369,019 2,929,260 2,639,300 2,740,254 4,092,516 6,892,078 5,495,934 7,086,259 7,860,100 7,398,397 8,583,327	553 362 929 1,154 1,167 1,298 1,421 1,227 1,842 2,280 2,280 2,487 2,587	2, 817, 461 1, 725, 095 4, 129, 303 4, 892, 731 4, 176, 367 5, 281, 983 5, 281, 983 6, 388, 976 12, 481, 616 19, 134, 610 16, 560, 439 18, 000, 351 19, 164, 888	1, 075 758 1, 803 2, 069 2, 024 2, 478 2, 892 2, 736 3, 967 5, 230 4, 673 5, 197 5, 475	4, 858, 454 3, 094, 114 7, 058, 562 7, 532, 031 6, 916, 621 9, 374, 495 11, 599, 214 10, 884, 910 19, 567, 87, 710 23, 958, 836 26, 037, 48, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21, 21

¹Figures supplied by courtesy of the Governor of the Panama Canal.

IX.—SHIPPING AND NAVIGATION.

Canadian shipping may be divided into two classes, ocean and inland shipping. Whereas, in the case of most countries of such an extensive coast line, the former is much the more important, in Canada shipping on inland waters, while finally dependent to a large extent on ocean traffic to foreign ports, shares almost equally with that on the Atlantic and Pacific oceans the attention devoted to water traffic. The Great Lakes are among the leading highways of the international trade of the world; consequently the statistics of inland international shipping are included with those of sea-going shipping in Table 49, while those of sea-going shipping alone will be found in Table 50. In Table 49 the figures for 1925 are the highest on record, while for sea-going shipping alone Table 50 shows that 1927 was the record year.